PETER
e l e c t r o n i c

AC-Drive
VersiDrive i …/E3S
Assembly- and Commisioning Instructions

Quality is our Drive.

Declaration of Conformity

PETER electronic GmbH & Co. KG hereby states that the VersiDrive i E3S product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2004/108/EC (EMC) and 2006/95/EC (LVD)   (Valid until 20.04.2016)
2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)   (Valid from 20.04.2016)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2003	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3 2nd Ed: 2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529 : 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All VersiDrive i´s are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. When using an VersiDrive i with an internal or optional external filter, compliance with the following EMC Categories, as defined by EN61800-3:2004 can be achieved:

Drive Type / Rating	EMC Category		
	Cat C1	**Cat C2**	**Cat C3**
1 Phase, 230 Volt Input	No additional filtering required Use shielded motor cable		
Note	Compliance with EMC standards is dependent on a number of factors including the environment in which the drive is installed, motor switching frequency, motor, cable lengths and installation methods adopted.		
	Compliance with EMC directives is achieved with the factory default parameter settings		

All PETER electronic VersiDrive i E3S units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 3.02 Firmware.
User Guide Revision 1.00

PETER electronic GmbH & Co. KG adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.

1. Quick Start Up

Quick Start Up 1

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.

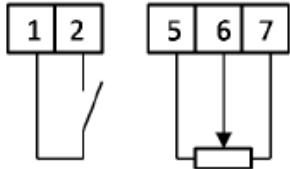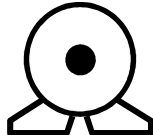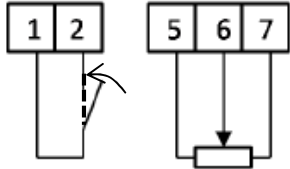|	**Danger : Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.**		**Danger : Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.**
	This variable speed drive product (VersiDrive i E3S) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The VersiDrive i E3S uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.		
	System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the VersiDrive i E3S, including the specified environmental limitations.		
	Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the VersiDrive i E3S. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the VersiDrive i E3S disconnected.		
	Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the VersiDrive i E3S before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.		
	Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.		
	Ensure correct earthing connections. The earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.		
	Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.		
	Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.		
	Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.		
	The level of integrity offered by the VersiDrive i E3S control input functions – for example stop/start, maximum speed, etc. is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.		
	The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.		
	The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.		
	The VersiDrive i E3S can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.		
	Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.		
	IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.		
	VersiDrive i E3S`s are intended for indoor use only.		
	When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.		
	The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive		
	Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).		
	Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the VersiDrive i E3S as delivered.		
	Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.		
	Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor		
	Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees		
	Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting		
	Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the VersiDrive i E3S. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local PETER electronic Sales Partner for further assistance.		
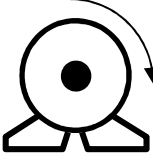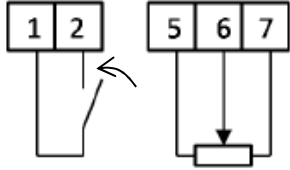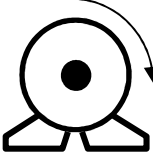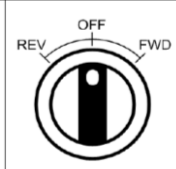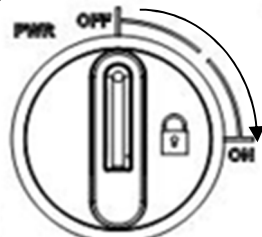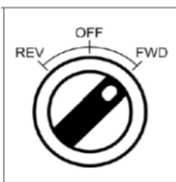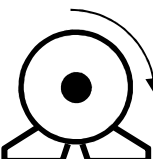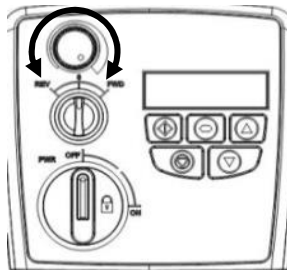
1.2. Quick Start Process

Step	Action	See Section		Page
1	Identify the Enclosure Type, Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular - Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply - Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor	2.1	Identifying the Drive by Model Number	7
2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.			
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	9.1	Environmental	26
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units), ensuring suitable cooling air is available. Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP66).	3.1 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	General Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting – IP20 Units Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)	8 8 8 9
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes	9.2	Rating Tables	26
6	If the supply type is IT or corner grounded, disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	4.2	EMC Filter Disconnect	11
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.			
8	Route the cables			
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.			
10	Ensure suitable wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line	9.2	Rating Tables	26
11	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made	4.1 4.3 4.4	Grounding the Drive Wiring Precautions Incoming Power Connection	11 11 12
12	Connect the control cables as required for the application	4.7 4.8 7	Control Terminal Wiring Connection Diagram Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations	12 12 22
13	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring			
14	Commission the drive parameters	5.1 6	Managing the Keypad Parameters	15 16

Quick Start – IP20 & IP66 Non Switched

Connect a Start / Stop switch between control terminals 1 & 2	5k – 10k	
Close the Switch to Start Open to Stop		
Connect a potentiometer (5k – 10kΩ) between terminals as shown to vary the speed from P-2 (0Hz default) to P-01 (50 / 60 Hz default)	0....10V	0.......50/60Hz

Quick Start – IP66 Switched

Switch the unit on using the isolator switch on the panel.	OFF REV FWD	
	OFF REV FWD	
The OFF/REV/FWD will enable the output to the motor. **NOTE : With single phase motors, forward rotation only is possible.** The potentiometer will control the speed.		0.......50/60Hz

2. General Information and Ratings

This chapter contains information about the VersiDrive i E3S including how to identify the drive

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.
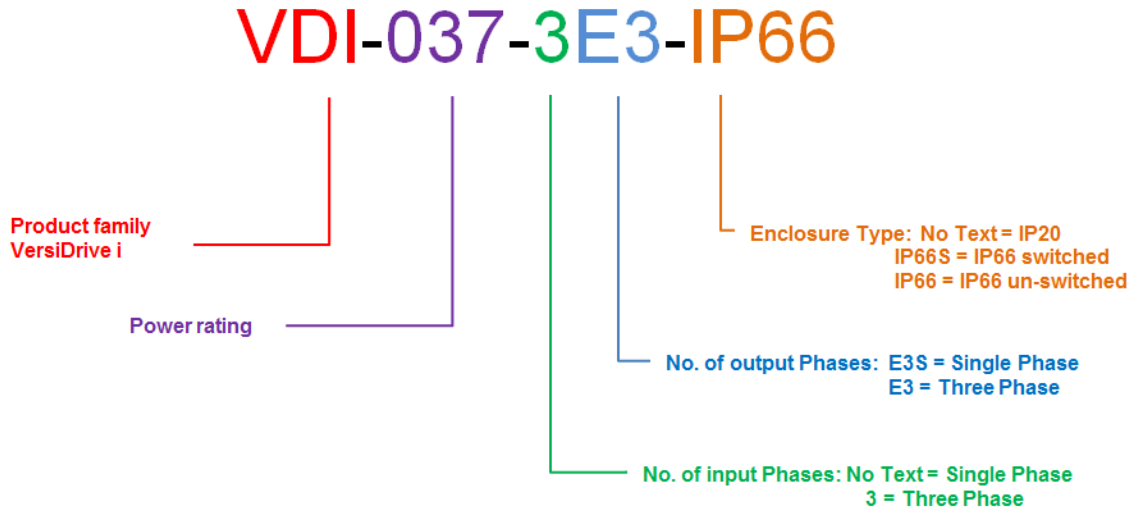
2.2. Drive Model Numbers

110 - 115 + / - 10% einphasiger Eingang, 110 V einphasiger Ausgang (Spannungsverdoppler)				
Modellnummer	kW	HP	Ausgangs-Strom (A)	Bau-größe
VDI-037-E3S-#-115V		0.5	7.0	1
VDI-055-E3S-#-115V		0.75	10.5	2
200 - 240 V + / - 10% einphasiger Eingang - einphasiger Ausgang				
Modellnummer	kW	HP	Ausgangs-Strom (A)	Bau-größe
VDI-037-E3S-#	0.37	0.5	4.3	1
VDI-075-E3S-#	0.75	1	7.0	1
VDI-110-E3S-#	1.1	1.5	10.5	2
HINWEIS	Bei IP20-Einheiten ersetzen Sie `#´ durch IP20 Bei nicht geschalteten IP66-Einheiten ersetzen Sie `#´ durch IP66 Bei geschalteten IP66-Einheiten ersetzen Sie `#´ durch IP66S			

3. Mechanical Installation

3.1. General

- The VersiDrive i E3S should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip.
- IP20 VersiDrive i E3S`s must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the VersiDrive i E3S
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in section 3.5 and 3.7 are left clear
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the VersiDrive i E3S given in section 9.1
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the VersiDrive i E3S

3.2. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 9.3 on page 27 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units

Drive	A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I		J		Weight	
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	lb
1	173	6.81	160	6.30	109	4.29	162	6.38	5	0.20	123	4.84	83	3.27	50	1.97	5.5	0.22	10	0.39	1.0	2.2
2	221	8.70	207	8.15	137	5.39	209	8.23	5.3	0.21	150	5.91	110	4.33	63	2.48	5.5	0.22	10	0.39	1.7	3.8
Mounting Bolts			Frame Size 1 – 2		4 x M5 (#8)				Frame Size 4								4 x M8					
Tightening Torques			Frame Sizes 1 – 2		Control Terminals				0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)				Power Terminals				1 Nm (9 lb-in)					

3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting – IP20 Units

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the VersiDrive i E3S against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. PETER electronic recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:-

Drive Size	X Above & Below		Y Either Side		Z Between		Recommended airflow
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	CFM (ft^3/min)
1	50	1.97	50	1.97	33	1.30	11
2	75	2.95	50	1.97	46	1.81	22

Note :

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.5. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units
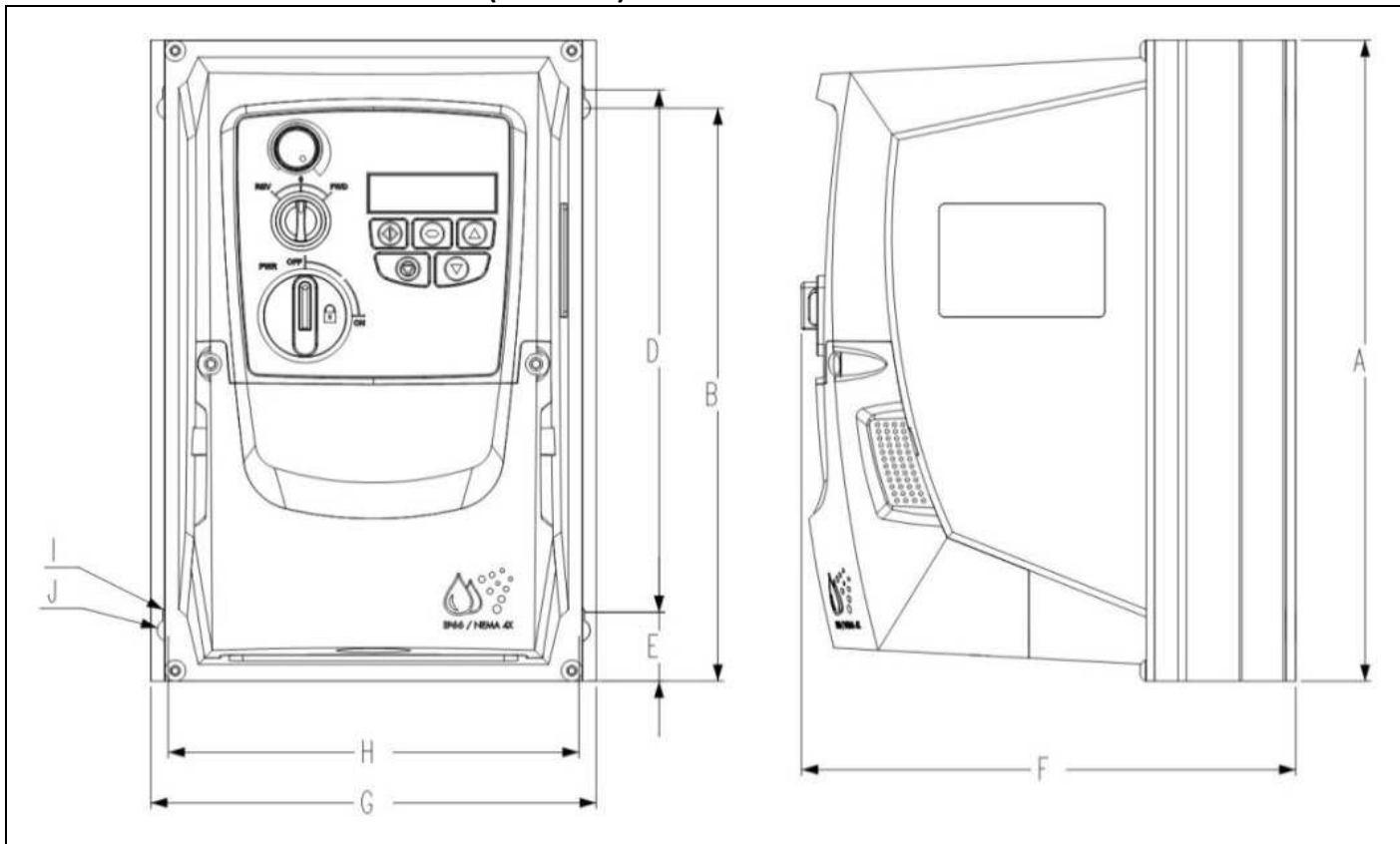
Drive Size	A		B		D		E		F		G		H		I		J		Weight	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	In	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
1	232.0	9.13	207.0	8.15	189.0	7.44	25.0	0.98	179.0	7.05	161.0	6.34	148.5	5.85	4.0	0.16	8.0	0.31	3.1	6.8
2	257.0	10.12	220.0	8.67	200.0	7.87	28.5	1.12	187.0	7.36	188.0	7.40	176.0	6.93	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	4.1	9.0

Mounting Bolts	All Frame Sizes	4 x M4 (#8)	
Tightening Torques	All Frame Sizes	Control Terminals	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)
		Power Terminals	1 Nm (9 lb-in)

3.6. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 9.1
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown above. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.

Drive Size	X Above & Below		Y Either Side	
	mm	in	mm	in
1	200	7.87	10	0.39
2	200	7.87	10	0.39

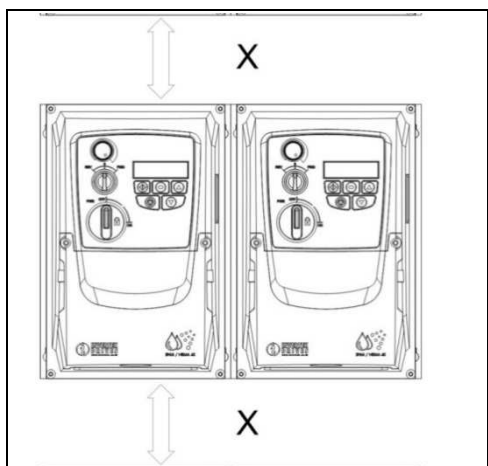| Note: |
|---|
| Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions. |
| |
| Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times. |

Cable Gland Sizes			
Drive Size	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables
1	M20 (PG13.5)	M20 (PG13.5)	M20 (PG13.5)
2	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG13.5)

3 **Mechanical Installation**

3.7. Gland Plate and Lock Off

The use of a suitable gland system is required to maintain the appropriate IP / Nema rating. The gland plate has pre moulded cable entry holes for power and motor connections suitable for use with glands as shown in the following table. Where additional holes are required, these can be drilled to suitable size. Please take care when drilling to avoid leaving any particles within the product.

Cable Gland recommended Hole Sizes & types:						
	Power & Motor Cables			Control & Signal Cables		
	Moulded Hole Size	Imperial Gland	Metric Gland	Knockout Size	Imperial Gland	Metric Gland
Size 1	22mm	PG13.5	M20	22mm	PG13.5	M20
Size 2	27mm	PG21	M25	22mm	PG13.5	M20

Flexible Conduit Hole Sizes:			
	Drill Size	Trade Size	Metric
Size 1	28mm	¾ in	21
Size 2 & 3	35mm	1 in	27

- UL rated ingress protection ("Type") is only met when cables are installed using a UL recognized bushing or fitting for a flexible-conduit system which meets the required level of protection ("Type")
- For conduit installations the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NEC
- Not intended for installation using rigid conduit system

Power Isolator Lock Off

On the switched models the main power isolator switch can be locked in the 'Off' position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).

IP66 / Nema 4X Gland Plate	IP66 / Nema 4X Unit Lock Off
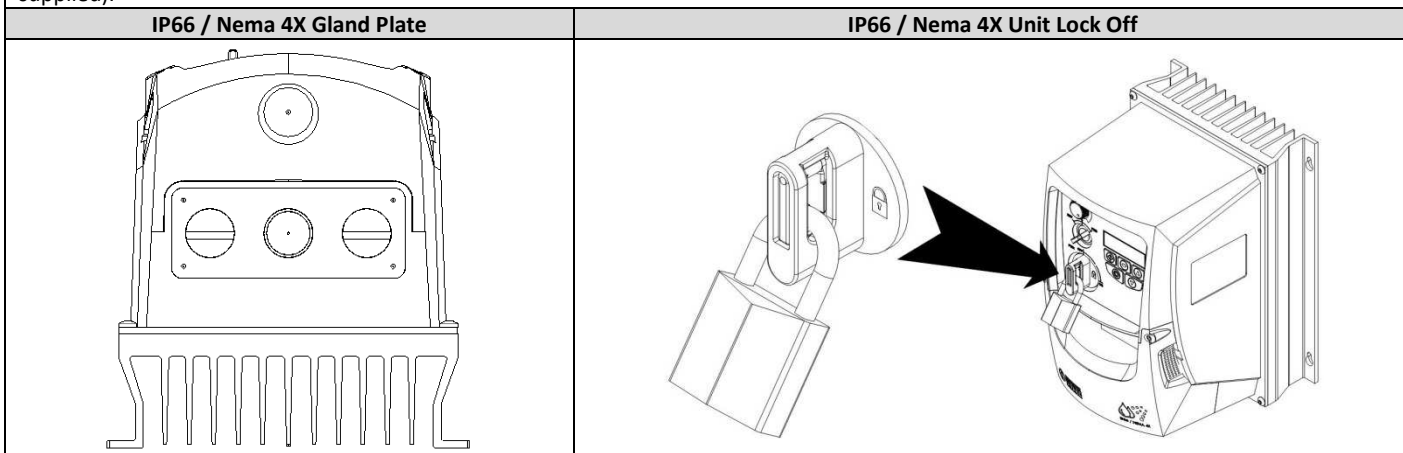
3.8. Removing the Terminal Cover

To access the connection terminals, the drive front cover needs to be removed as shown.

IP66 / Nema 4X Units
Removing the 2 screws on the front of the product allows access to the connection terminals, as shown below.
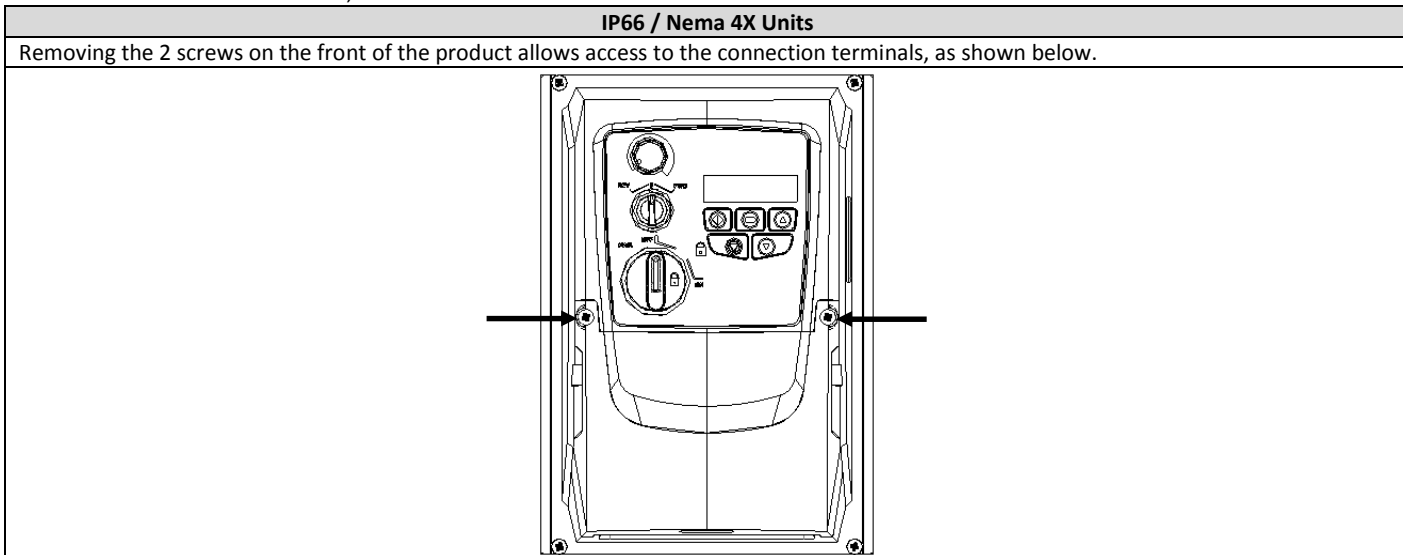
3.9. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in the "Environment" section.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

4. Power Wiring

4.1. Grounding the Drive

⚡	This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. PETER electronic GmbH & Co. KG cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.
⚡	This VersiDrive i E3S contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.
⚡	Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

Grounding Guidelines

The ground terminal of each VersiDrive i E3S should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). VersiDrive i E3S ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

Safety Ground

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

Motor Ground

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The VersiDrive i E3S is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply: -

- A Type B Device must be used
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each VersiDrive i E3S

4.2. EMC Filter Disconnect

Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth). For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected (on IP20 units only) by completely removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.

Remove the screws as indicated below	Removing the screws breaks the connection
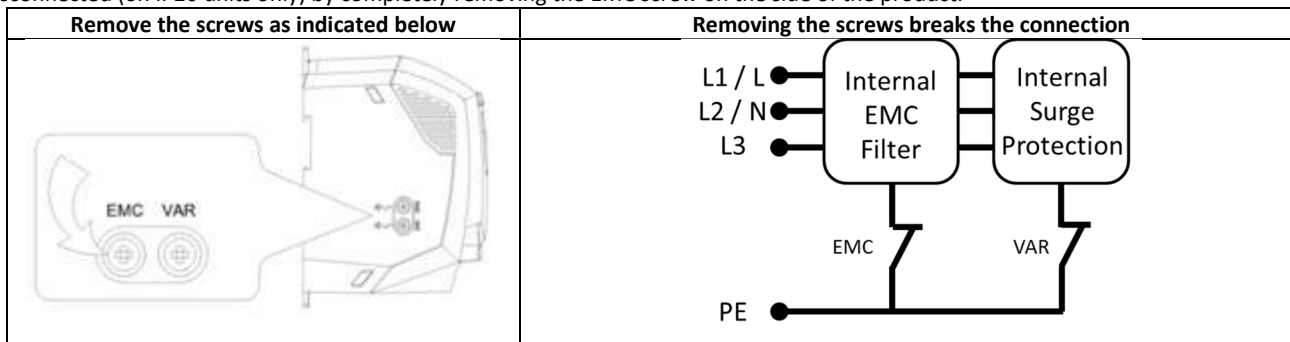
The VersiDrive i E3S product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

When carrying out a HiPot (Flash) test on an installation in which the drive is built, the voltage surge suppression components may cause the test to fail. To accommodate this type of system HiPot test, the voltage surge suppression components can be disconnected by removing the VAR screw. After completing the HiPot test, the screw should be replaced and the HiPot test repeated. The test should then fail, indicating that the voltage surge suppression components are once again in circuit.

Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

4.3. Wiring Precautions

Connect the VersiDrive i E3S according to section 4.8, ensuring that motor terminal box connections are correct.

4.4. Incoming Power Connection

- For 1 phase supply, power should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, power should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, a symmetrical shielded cable is recommended.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the VersiDrive i E3S and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Guideline dimensions are given in section 9.2.
- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 9.2 Rating Tables. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- When the power supply is removed from the drive, a minimum of 30 seconds should be allowed before re-applying the power. A minimum of 5 minutes should be allowed before removing the terminal covers or connection.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the VersiDrive i E3S Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.
- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:-
    - o The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high
    - o The supply is prone to dips or brown outs
    - o An imbalance exists on the supply (3 phase drives)
    - o The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults. Part numbers are shown in the table.

Frame Size	AC Input Inductor
1	OPT-2-L1016-20
2	OPT-2-L1025-20

4.5. Drive and Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the VersiDrive i E3S U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the VersiDrive i E3S earth terminals.
- For compliance with the European EMC directive, a suitable screened (shielded) cable should be used. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals are recommended as a minimum. Installation within a suitable steel or copper tube is generally also acceptable.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area
- Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible.
- For IP66 drives, connect the motor cable screen to the internal ground clamp
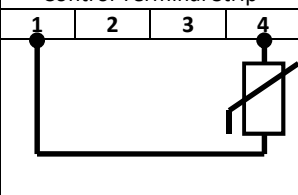
4.6. Motor Thermal overload Protection

4.6.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.6.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:-

Control Terminal Strip	Additional Information
	- Compatible Thermistor : PTC Type, 2.5kΩ trip level - Use a setting of P-15 that has Input 3 function as External Trip, e.g. P-15 = 3. Refer to section 7 for further details. - Set P-47 = "*Ptc-th*"

4.7. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 – 2.5mm^2 / 30 – 12 AWG.

4.8. Connection Diagram
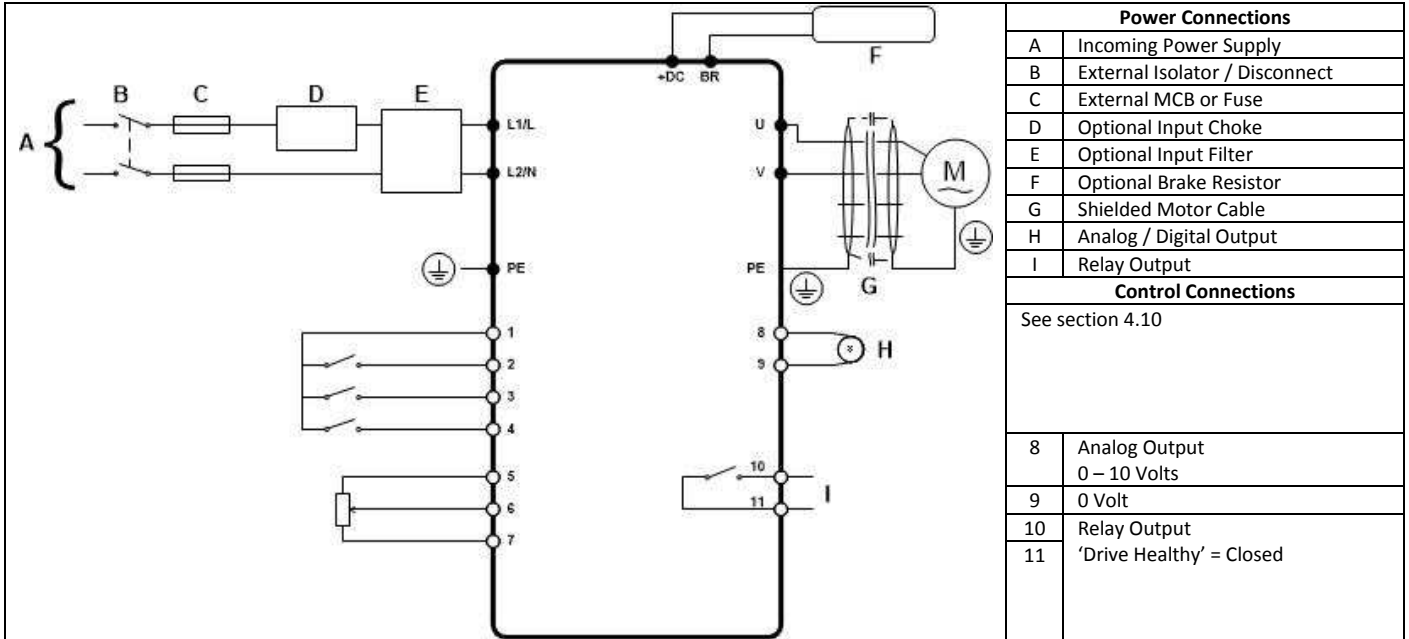
Power Connections		
A	Incoming Power Supply	
B	External Isolator / Disconnect	
C	External MCB or Fuse	
D	Optional Input Choke	
E	Optional Input Filter	
F	Optional Brake Resistor	
G	Shielded Motor Cable	
H	Analog / Digital Output	
I	Relay Output	
Control Connections		
See section 4.10		
8	Analog Output 0 – 10 Volts	
9	0 Volt	
10	Relay Output	
11	'Drive Healthy' = Closed	

4 Power Wiring

4.9. Using the REV/0/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version Only)

By adjusting the parameter settings the VersiDrive i E3S can be configured for multiple applications.

This could typically be for Hand/Off/Auto applications (also known and Local/Remote) for HVAC and pumping industries.

Note : Forward / Reverse operation of single phase motors is not possible
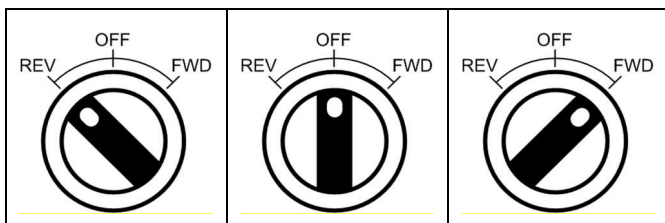
Switch Position			Parameters to Set		Notes
			P-12	**P-15**	
Run (Pot)	STOP	Run (Pot)	0	0	Factory Default Configuration Run Forward only with speed controlled from the Local POT
Run (Preset Speed 1)	STOP	Run (Pot)	0	1	Run forward with speed controlled form the local POT or preset speed
Run (Analog Input 2)	STOP	Run (Pot)	0	4	Run Forward with speed controlled from the Local POT or 2nd analog input
Enable	STOP	Enable	3, 4	0	Control from Modbus RTU
Run (Preset Speed 1)	STOP	Enable (Modbus RTU)	3, 4	5	Local / Remote function with Modbus RTU speed reference or preset speed,
Run (Preset Speed 1)	STOP	Run (PI Control)	5, 6	0	Selectable PI control or preset speed
Run (Pot)	STOP	Run (PI Control)	5, 6	0	Selectable PI control or Pot speed control
Enable	STOP	Enable	7, 8	0	Control from CAN interface
Run (Preset Speed 1)	STOP	Enable (Modbus RTU)	7, 8	5	Local / Remote function with CAN speed reference or preset speed,

NOTE To be able to adjust parameter P-15, extended menu access must be set in P-14 (default value is 101)

4.10. Control Terminal Connections

Default Connections
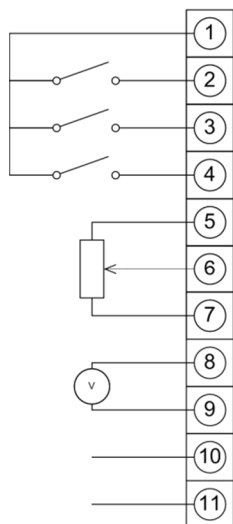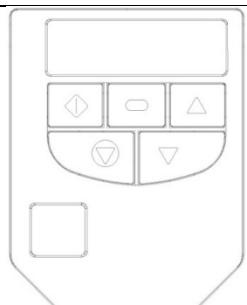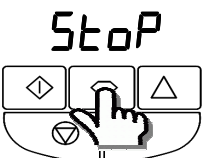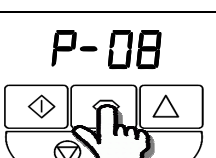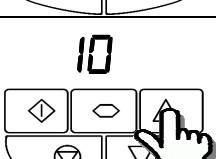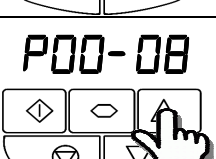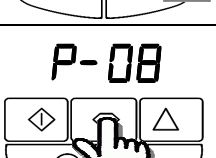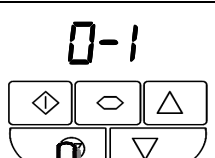
Control Terminal	Signal	Description	
1	+24Vdc User output	+24Vdc user output, 100mA. ⚠ Do not connect an external voltage source to this terminal.	
2	Digital Input 1	Positive logic "Logic 1" input voltage range: 8V … 30V DC "Logic 0" input voltage range: 0V … 4V DC	
3	Digital Input 2		
4	Digital Input 3 / Analog Input 2	Digital: 8 to 30V Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA	
5	+10V User Output	+10V, 10mA, 1kΩ minimum	
6	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA Digital: 8 to 30V	
7	0V	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 9	
8	Analog Output / Digital Output	Analog: 0 to 10V, Digital: 0 to 24V	20mA maximum
9	0V	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 7	
10	Relay Common		
11	Relay NO Contact	Contact 250Vac, 6A / 30Vdc, 5A	

5. Operation

5.1. Managing the Keypad

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

⬡	NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes
△	UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode
▽	DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode
▼	RESET / STOP	Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.
◇	START	When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive.

5.2. Changing Parameters

StoP	Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds
P-01	Use the up and down keys to select the required parameter
P-08	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second
10	Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys
P-08	Press for < 1 second to return to the parameter menu
P-08	Press for > 2 seconds to return to the operating display

5.3. Read Only Parameter Access

StoP	Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds
P-00	Use the up and down keys to select P-00
P00-01	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second
P00-08	Use the up and down keys to select the required Read Only parameter
330	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second to display the value
StoP	Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds to return to the operating display

5.4. Resetting Parameters

P-dEF	To reset parameter values to their factory default settings, press and hold Up, Down and Stop buttons for > 2 seconds. The display will show "**P-dEF**"
StoP	Press the Stop key. The display will show "**StoP**"

5.5. Resetting a Fault

0-1	Press the Stop key. The display will show "**StoP**"
StoP	

6. Parameters

6.1. Standard Parameters

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-01	**Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit**	P-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / RPM
	Maximum output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in RPM				
P-02	**Minimum Frequency / Speed Limit**	0.0	P-01	35.0	Hz / RPM
	Minimum speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in RPM				
P-03	**Acceleration Ramp Time**	0.00	600.0	5.0	s
	Acceleration ramp time from zero Hz / RPM to base frequency (P-09) in seconds.				
P-04	**Deceleration Ramp Time**	0.00	600.0	5.0	s
	Deceleration ramp time from base frequency (P-09) to standstill in seconds. When set to 0.00, the value of P-24 is used.				
P-05	**Stopping Mode / Mains Loss Response**	0	2	0	-
	Selects the stopping mode of the drive, and the behaviour in response to a loss of mains power supply during operation.				

Setting	On Disable	On Mains Loss
0	Ramp to Stop (P-04)	Ride Through (Recover energy from load to maintain operation)
1	Coast	Coast
2	Ramp to Stop (P-04)	Fast Ramp to Stop (P-24), Coast if P-24 = 0

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-06	**Reserved**	-	-	-	-
P-07	**Motor Rated Voltage**	0	150 / 250	115 / 230	V
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts).				
P-08	**Motor Rated Current**		Drive Rating Dependent		A
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor				
P-09	**Motor Rated Frequency**	25	120	50 (60)	Hz
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor				
P-10	**Motor Rated Speed**	0	7200	0	RPM
	This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) RPM of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz and the slip compensation (where motor speed is maintained at a constant value regardless of applied load) for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate allows the VersiDrive i E3S to display motor speed in RPM. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in RPM. **Note** If P-09 value is changed, P-10 value is reset to 0				
P-11	**Start Boost Voltage**	0.0	100.0	3.0	%
	This parameter sets the initial voltage applied to the motor following a start command. The inverter applied the voltage set in this parameter at the frequency set in P-32 initially, and then ramps to the motor rated voltage set in P-09 over the time period set in P-33. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and can result in the drive tripping during starting. An explanation of the motor starting, and procedure for optimising the boost voltage is described in section 6.4.				
P-12	**Primary Command Source**	0	9	0	-
	0: Terminal Control. The drive responds directly to signals applied to the control terminals. **1: Uni-directional Keypad Control**. The drive can be controlled in the forward direction only using the internal keypad, or an external remote Keypad. **2: Uni-directional Keypad Control**. The drive can be controlled in the forward direction only using the internal keypad, or an external remote Keypad. **3: Modbus Network Control.** Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps **4 : Modbus Network Control.** Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via Modbus **5 : PI Control.** User PI control with external feedback signal **6 : PI Analog Summation Control.** PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1 **7 : CAN open Control**. Control via CAN (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps **8 : CAN open Control**. Control via CAN (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via CAN **9 : Slave Mode**. Control via a connected PETER electronic drive in Master Mode. Slave drive address must be > 1. **NOTE** When P-12 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9, an enable signal must still be provided at the control terminals, digital input 1				
P-13	**Reserved**	-	-	-	-
P-14	**Extended Menu Access code**	0	65535	0	-
	Enables access to Extended and Advanced Parameter Groups. This parameter must be set to the value programmed in P-37 (default: 101) to view and adjust Extended Parameters and value of P-37 + 100 to view and adjust Advanced Parameters. The code may be changed by the user in P-37 if desired.				

6.2. Extended Parameters

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-15	**Digital Input Function Select**	0	17	0	-
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode setting in P-12. See section 7 Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations for more information.				
P-16	**Analog Input 1 Signal Format**		See Below	U0-10	-
	U 0-10 = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minimum speed (P-02) if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal means the output frequency / speed will be the value set in P-01.				
	A 0-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal				
	t 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the VersiDrive i E3S will trip and show the fault code 4-20F if the signal level falls below 3mA				
	r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the VersiDrive i E3S will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if the signal level falls below 3mA				
	t 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the VersiDrive i E3S will trip and show the fault code 4-20F if the signal level falls below 3mA				
	r 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the VersiDrive i E3S will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if the signal level falls below 3mA				
	U 10-0 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Maximum Frequency / Speed if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%				
P-17	**Maximum Effective Switching Frequency**	4	32	8	kHz
	Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is displayed when the parameter is viewed, the switching frequency has been reduced to the level in P00-32 due to excessive drive heatsink temperature.				
P-18	**Output Relay Function Select**	0	7	1	-
	Selects the function assigned to the relay output. The relay has two output terminals, Logic 1 indicates the relay is active, and therefore terminals 10 and 11 will be connected.				
	0 : Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the motor is enabled				
	1 : Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and no fault exists				
	2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint frequency				
	3 : Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition				
	4 : Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19				
	5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19				
	6 : Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the adjustable limit set in P-19				
	7 : Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjustable limit set in P-19				
	8 : Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19				
	9 : Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.				
P-19	**Relay Threshold Level**	0.0	200.0	100.0	%
	Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18				
P-20	**Preset Frequency / Speed 1**	0.0	P-01	5.0	Hz / RPM
P-21	**Preset Frequency / Speed 2**	0.0	P-01	25.0	Hz / RPM
P-22	**Preset Frequency / Speed 3**	0.0	P-01	40.0	Hz / RPM
P-23	**Preset Frequency / Speed 4**	0.0	P-01	P-09	Hz / RPM
	Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the setting of P-15				
	If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as RPM.				
	Note Changing the value of P-09 will reset all values to factory default settings				
P-24	**2nd Ramp Time (Fast Stop)**	0.00	600.0	0.00	s
	This parameter allows a 2nd ramp time to be programmed into the drive.				
	This ramp time is automatically selected in the case of a mains power loss if P-05 = 2 or 3. When set to 0.00, the drive will coast to stop.				
	When using a setting of P-15 that provides a "Fast Stop" function, this ramp time is also used.				
P-25	**Analog Output Function Select**	0	10	8	-
	Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC				
	0 : Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the VersiDrive i E3S is enabled (Running)				
	1 : Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive				
	2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint frequency				
	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition				
	4 : Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19				
	5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19				
	6 : Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the adjustable limit set in P-19				
	7 : Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjustable limit set in P-19				
	Analog Output Mode				
	8 : Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01, resolution 0.1Hz				
	9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1A				
	10 : Output Power. 0 – 200% of drive rated power.				
P-26	**Skip frequency hysteresis band**	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
P-27	**Skip Frequency Centre Point**	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
	The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the VersiDrive i E3S operating at a certain output frequency, for example at a frequency which causes mechanical resonance in a particular machine. Parameter P-27 defines the centre point of the skip frequency band, and is used in conjunction with P-26. The VersiDrive i E3S output frequency will ramp through the defined band at the rates set in P-03 and P-04 respectively, and will not hold any output frequency within the defined band. If the frequency reference applied to the drive is within the band, the VersiDrive i E3S output frequency will remain at the upper or lower limit of the band.				

6

Parameters

6 · **Parameters**

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-28	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0	P-07	0	V
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Frequency	0.0	P-09	0.0	Hz

This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the voltage set in P-29 is applied to the motor. Care must be taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feature.

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-30	Start Mode, Auto Restart & Fire Mode Configuration				
	Index 1 : Start Mode & Automatic Restart	N/A	N/A	Edge-r	-

Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is present and latched during power on. Also configures the Automatic Restart function.

Ed9E-r : Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 remains closed. The Input must be closed after a power on or reset to start the drive.

RUto-0 : Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if Digital Input 1 is closed.

RUto-1 to RUto-5 : Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to restart at 20 second intervals. The numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the final attempt, the drive will trip with a fault, and will require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered down to reset the counter.

	Index 2 : Fire Mode Input Logic	0	1	0	-

Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire Mode, e.g. settings 15, 16 & 17.
0 : Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode is active when the input is open
1 : Normally Open (NO) Input. Fire Mode is active when the input is closed

	Index 2 : Fire Mode Input Type	0	1	0	-

Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire Mode, e.g. settings 15, 16 & 17.
0 : Maintained Input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire mode input signal remains (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending on Index 2 setting).
1 : Momentary Input. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the input. Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode until disabled or powered off.

P-31	Keypad Start Mode Select	0	7	1	-

This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2) or Modbus Mode (P-12 = 3 or 4). When settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control terminals 1 and 2 must be linked together. Settings 2, 3, 6 and 7 allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keypad Start and Stop keys are ignored.
0 : Minimum Speed, Keypad Start
1 : Previous Speed, Keypad Start
2 : Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable
3 : Previous Speed, Terminal Enable
4 : Current Speed, Keypad Start
5 : Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start
6 : Current Speed, Terminal Start
7 : Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start

P-32	Starting Boost Frequency	0.0	P-09	P-09	Hz

Sets the frequency used during the starting boost phase of operation refer to section 6.4 for further information.

P-33	Boost Period Duration	0.0	150	5.0	s

Time for which the start-up boost period is applied. During this period, the output frequency is set to P-32 and the voltage increases linearly from P-11 to P-07. Setting P-33 to zero disables boost. See section 6.4 for additional information.

P-34	Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)	0	4	0	-

0 : Disabled
1 : Enabled With Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper with software protection for a 200W, 100R resistor.
2 : Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.
3 : Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.
4 : Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.

P-35	Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%

Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal , and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01)
Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed multiplied by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds.

P-36	Serial Communications Configuration	See Below			
	Index 1 : Address	0	63	1	-
	Index 2 : Baud Rate	9.6	1000	115.2	kbps
	Index 3 : Communication loss protection	0	3000	t 3000	ms

This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU Serial Communications. The Sub Parameters are

1st Index : Drive Address : Range : 0 – 63, default : 1

2nd Index : Baud Rate & Network type : Selects the baud rate and network type for the internal RS485 communication port.
For Modbus RTU : Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available.
For CAN Open : Baud rates 125, 250, 500 & 1000 kbps are available.

3rd Index : Watchdog Timeout : Defines the time for which the drive will operate without receiving a valid command telegram to Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabled. Setting 0 disables the Watchdog timer. Setting a value of 30, 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation. A 't' suffix selects trip on loss of communication. An 'r' suffix means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but will not trip.

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-37	**Access Code Definition**	0	9999	101	-
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access parameters above P-14				
P-38	**Parameter Access Lock**	0	1	0	-
	0 : Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and changed				
	1 : Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be changed except P-38.				
P-39	**Analog Input 1 Offset**	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%
	Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the input, which is applied to the analog input signal. This parameter operates in conjunction with P-35, and the resultant value can be displayed in P00-01. The resultant value is defined as a percentage, according to the following :- P00-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) – P-39) x P-35)				
P-40	**Index 1 : Display Scaling Factor**	0.000	16.000	0.000	-
	Index 2 : Display Scaling Source	0	3	0	-
	Allows the user to program the VersiDrive i E3S to display an alternative output unit scaled from either output frequency (Hz), Motor Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode.				
	Index 1 : Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multiplied by this factor.				
	Index 2 : Defines the scaling source as follows :- **0 : Motor Speed**. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or motor RPM if P-10 > 0. **1 : Motor Current**. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps) **2 : Analog Input 2 Signal Level**. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level, internally represented as 0 – 100.0% **3 : PI Feedback**. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, internally represented as 0 – 100.0%				
P-41	**PI Controller Proportional Gain**	0.0	30.0	1.0	-
	PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the drive output frequency in response to small changes in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability				
P-42	**PI Controller Integral Time**	0.0	30.0	1.0	s
	PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for systems where the overall process responds slowly				
P-43	**PI Controller Operating Mode**	0	1	0	-
	0 : Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the motor speed should increase. **1 : Inverse Operation**. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the motor speed should decrease.				
P-44	**PI Reference (Setpoint) Source Select**	0	1	0	-
	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint **0 : Digital Preset Setpoint**. P-45 is used **1 : Analog Input 1 Setpoint**. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in P00-01 is used for the setpoint.				
P-45	**PI Digital Setpoint**	0.0	100.0	0.0	%
	When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) used for the PI Controller as a % of the feedback signal range.				
P-46	**PI Feedback Source Select**	0	5	0	-
	Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller. **0 : Analog Input 2** (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02. **1 : Analog Input 1** (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01 **2 : Motor Current**. Scaled as % of P-08. **3 : DC Bus Voltage** Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100% **4 : Analog 1 – Analog 2**. The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted from Analog 1 to give a differential signal. The value is limited to 0. **5 : Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2)**. The larger of the two analog input values is always used for PI feedback.				
P-47	**Analog Input 2 Signal Format**	-	-	-	U0-10
	U 0-10 = 0 to 10 Volt Signal				
	A 0-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal				
	t 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the VersiDrive i E3S will trip and show the fault code 4-20F if the signal level falls below 3mA				
	r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the VersiDrive i E3S will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if the signal level falls below 3mA				
	t 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the VersiDrive i E3S will trip and show the fault code 4-20F if the signal level falls below 3mA				
	r 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the VersiDrive i E3S will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if the signal level falls below 3mA				
	Ptc-th = Use for motor thermistor measurement, valid with any setting of P-15 that has Input 3 as E-Trip. Trip level : 3kΩ, reset 1kΩ				
P-48	**Standby Mode Timer**	0.0	25.0	0.0	s
	When standby mode is enabled by setting P-48 > 0.0, the drive will enter standby following a period of operating at minimum speed (P-02) for the time set in P-48. When in Standby Mode, the drive display shows StndbY, and the output to the motor is disabled.				
P-49	**PI Control Wake Up Error Level**	0.0	100.0	5.0	%
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby Mode is enabled (P-48 > 0.0), P-49 can be used to define the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback) required before the drive restarts after entering Standby Mode. This allows the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain in Standby mode until the feedback drops sufficiently.				
P-50	**User Output Relay Hysteresis**	0.0	100.0	0.0	%
	Sets the hysteresis level for P-19 to prevent the output relay chattering when close to the threshold.				
P-60	**Thermal Overload Retention**	0	1	0	-
	0 : Disabled **1 : Enabled.** When enabled, the drive calculated motor overload protection information is retained after the mains power is removed from the drive.				

6

Parameters

6.3. P-00 Read Only Status Parameters

Par.	Description	Explanation
P00-01	1st Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-02	2nd Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-03	Speed reference input (Hz / RPM)	Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise RPM
P00-04	Digital input status	Drive digital input status
P00-05	User PI output (%)	Displays value of the User PI output
P00-06	DC bus ripple (V)	Measured DC bus ripple
P00-07	Applied motor voltage (V)	Value of RMS voltage applied to motor
P-00-08	DC bus voltage (V)	Internal DC bus voltage
P00-09	Heatsink temperature (°C)	Temperature of heatsink in °C
P00-10	Run time since date of manuf. (Hours)	Not affected by resetting factory default parameters
P00-11	Run time since last trip (1) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down.
P00-12	Run time since last trip (2) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) − not reset by power down / power up cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down
P00-13	Trip Log	Displays most recent 4 trips with time stamp
P00-14	Run time since last disable (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable
P00-15	DC bus voltage log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-16	Heatsink temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30s sample time
P00-17	Motor current log (A)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-18	DC bus ripple log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 22ms sample time
P00-19	Internal drive temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30 s sample time
P00-20	Internal drive temperature (°C)	Actual internal ambient temperature in °C
P00-21	CANopen process data input	Incoming process data (RX PDO1) for CANopen: PI1, PI2, PI3, PI4
P00-22	CANopen process data output	outgoing process data (TX PDO1) for CANopen: PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4
P00-23	Accumulated time with heatsink > 85°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation above heatsink temp of 85°C
P00-24	Accumulated time with drive internal temp > 80°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation with drive internal ambient above 80C
P00-25	Estimated rotor speed (Hz)	In vector control modes, estimated rotor speed in Hz
P00-26	kWh meter / MWh meter	Total number of kWh / MWh consumed by the drive.
P00-27	Total run time of drive fans (Hours)	Time displayed in hh:mm:ss. First value displays time in hrs, press up to display mm:ss.
P00-28	Software version and checksum	Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor, "2" indicates power stage
P00-29	Drive type identifier	Drive rating, drive type and software version codes
P00-30	Drive serial number	Unique drive serial number
P00-31	Motor current Id / Iq	Displays the magnetising current (Id) and torque current (Iq). Press UP to show Iq
P00-32	Actual PWM switching frequency (kHz)	Actual switching frequency used by drive
P00-33	Critical fault counter – O-I	These parameters log the number of times specific faults or errors occur, and are useful for diagnostic purposes.
P00-34	Critical fault counter – O-Volts	
P00-35	Critical fault counter – U-Volts	
P00-36	Critical fault counter – O-temp (h/sink)	
P00-37	Critical fault counter – b O-I (chopper)	
P00-38	Critical fault counter – O-hEAt (control)	
P00-39	Modbus comms error counter	
P00-40	CANbus comms error counter	
P00-41	I/O processor comms errors	
P00-42	Power stage uC comms errors	
P00-43	Drive power up time (life time) (Hours)	Total lifetime of drive with power applied
P00-44	Phase U current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-45	Phase V current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-46	Phase W current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-47	Index 1 : Fire mode total active time Index 2 : Fire Mode Activation Count	Total activation time of Fire Mode Displays the number of times Fire Mode has been activated
P00-48	Scope channel 1 & 2	Displays signals for first scope channels 1 & 2
P00-49	Scope channel 3 & 4	Displays signals for first scope channels 3 & 4
P00-50	Bootloader and motor control	Internal value

6.4.   Single Phase Motor - Boost Starting cycle

In order to provide a reliable method for starting the motor, a special technique is used. The motor is started immediately at rated frequency, whilst the voltage is ramped from an initial Boost Voltage (set in P-11) to the Motor Rated Voltage (set in P-07) over a Boost Period Duration (set in P-33). Following the starting boost period, the drive then begins to control the output frequency and speed of the motor. The graphs below show how this operation works.
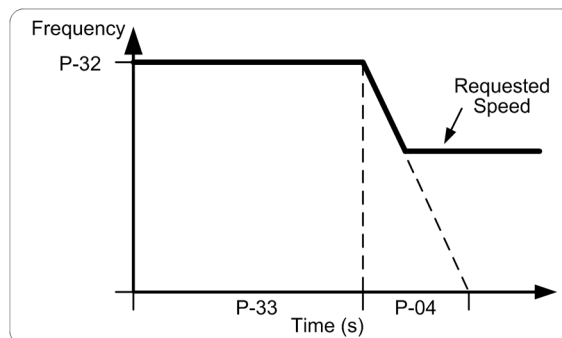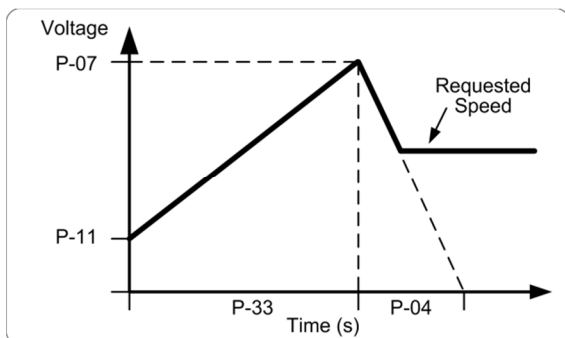
In order to achieve reliable starting and optimise the starting method, the following procedure can be used.
1. The motor must be correctly connected to the drive and safe to operate before using this procedure.
2. Ensure the motor rated voltage (P-07) and current (P-08) have been correctly programmed in the drive parameters.
3. Select Extended Parameter Access by setting P-14 = 101.
4. Set the Boost Period Duration P-33 to the maximum allowed value of 150 seconds.
5. Start the drive, and display the motor current (press the Navigate button until the display shows "Ⲁ x.x" where x is the motor current)
6. Check the current value compared to the motor rated current around 3 – 5 seconds after starting the drive
    a. If the current displayed is less than 80% of the motor rated current
        i.   Stop the drive
        ii. Increase P-11
        iii. Repeat from step 5
    b. If the current displayed is greater than 90% of the motor rated current
        i.   Stop the drive
        ii. Reduce P-11
        iii. Repeat from step 5
7. The correct boost voltage setting should deliver 80 – 90% of the motor rated current approximately 3 – 5 seconds after enabling the drive.
8. Now the Boost Period Duration may be reduced to match the actual time required for the motor to start. The simplest method is to initially reduce in large steps and monitor the motor behaviour on starting the drive. The ideal boost period will be a few seconds longer than is required to bring the motor to full speed.

By following this procedure, the motor starting parameter can be optimised to start the motor reliably without excessive starting current.

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

7.1. Overview

VersiDrive i E3S uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:-

- **P-12** – Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.
- **P-15** – Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- **P-16** – Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 – 10 Volt, 4 – 20mA
- **P-20 – P-23** – Preset speed parameters, which may be selected by the digital inputs
- **P-30** – Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present
- **P-31** – When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.
- **P-47** – Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 – 10 Volt, 4 – 20mA

The diagrams below provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.

7.2. Macro Functions Guide Key

STOP / RUN	Latched input, Close to Run, Open to Stop
START ⌐	Normally Open, Rising Edge Start Function
AI1 REF	Analog Input 1 is the selected speed reference
P-xx REF	Speed setpoint from the selected preset speed
PR-REF	Preset speeds P-20 – P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status
^-FAST STOP (P-24)-^	When both inputs are active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24
E-TRIP ⌐	External Trip input, which must be Normally Closed. When the input opens, the drive trips showing *E-tr iP* or *Ptc-th* depending on P-47 setting
(NO)	Normally Open Contact, Momentarily Close to Start
(NC)	Normally Closed Contact, momentary Open to Stop
Fire Mode	Activates Fire Mode, see section 7.7
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input. In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed. In other modes, this input must be present before the start signal via the fieldbus interface
INC SPD ⌐	Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed
DEC SPD ⌐	Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P-12 setting)

7.3. Macro Functions – Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)

P-15	DI1		DI2		DI3 / AI2		DI4 / AI1		Diagram
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	STOP	RUN	No Function		AI1 REF	P-20 REF	Analog Input AI1		1
1	STOP	RUN	AI1 REF	PR-REF	P-20	P-21	Analog Input AI1		2
2	STOP	RUN	DI2	DI3	PR		P-20 - P-23	P-01	3
			0	0	P-20				
			1	0	P-21				
			0	1	P-22				
			1	1	P-23				
3	STOP	RUN	AI1	P-20 REF	E-TRIP ⌐	OK	Analog Input AI1		4
4	STOP	RUN	AI1	AI2	Analog Input AI2		Analog Input AI1		5
5	STOP	RUN	OK	FAST STOP (P-24) ⌐	AI1	P-20 REF	Analog Input AI1		6
6	STOP	RUN	No Function		E-TRIP ⌐	OK	Analog Input AI1		7
7	STOP	RUN	OK	FAST STOP (P-24) ⌐	E-TRIP ⌐	OK	Analog Input AI1		8
8	STOP	RUN	No Function		DI3	DI4	PR		9
					0	0	P-20		
					1	0	P-21		
					0	1	P-22		
					1	1	P-23		
9	STOP	RUN	OK	FAST STOP (P-24) ⌐	DI3	DI4	PR		10
					0	0	P-20		
					1	0	P-21		
					0	1	P-22		
					1	1	P-23		
10	(NO)	START ⌐	STOP ⌐	(NC)	AI1 REF	P-20 REF	Analog Input AI1		11
11	(NO)	START ⌐	STOP ⌐	(NC)	(NO)	FAST STOP ⌐ (P-24)	Analog Input AI1		12
12	STOP	RUN	FAST STOP (P-24)	OK	AI1 REF	P-20 REF	Analog Input AI1		13
13	(NO)	START ⌐	STOP ⌐	(NC)	(NO)	FAST STOP ⌐ (P-24)	KPD REF	P-20 REF	12

P-15	DI1		DI2		DI3 / AI2		DI4 / AI1			Diagram
14	STOP	RUN	DI2		E-TRIP ↴	OK	**DI2**	**DI4**	**PR**	14
							0	0	P-20	
							1	0	P-21	
							0	1	P-22	
							1	1	P-23	
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	AI1	Fire Mode		Analog Input AI1			2
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire Mode		No Function			3
17	STOP	RUN	DI2		Fire Mode		**DI2**	**DI4**	**PR**	3
							0	0	P-20	
							1	0	P-21	
							0	1	P-22	
							1	1	P-23	

7.4. Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)

P-15	DI1		DI2		DI3 / AI2		DI4 / AI1		Diagram
	0	**1**	**0**	**1**	**0**	**1**	**0**	**1**	
0	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD ⌐	-	DEC SPD ⌐	No Function		15
1	STOP	ENABLE	PI Speed Reference						5
2	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD ⌐	-	DEC SPD ⌐	KPD REF	P-20 REF	15
3	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD ⌐	E-TRIP ↴	OK	-	DEC SPD	15
4	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD ⌐	KPD REF	AI1 REF	AI1		6
5	STOP	ENABLE	No Function		KPD REF	AI1 REF	AI1		1
6	STOP	ENABLE	No Function		E-TRIP ↴	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	4
7	STOP	ENABLE	OK	FAST STOP (P-24)	E-TRIP ↴	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	4
14	STOP	ENABLE	No Function		E-TRIP ↴	OK	No Function		4
15	STOP	ENABLE	PR REF	KPD REF	Fire Mode		P-23	P-21	3
16	STOP	ENABLE	P-23 REF	KPD REF	Fire Mode		No Function		3
17	STOP	ENABLE	KPD REF	P-23 REF	Fire Mode		No Function		3
NOTE	8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 = 0								
	When P-12 = 1 or 2, Refer to P-31 for starting control								

7.5. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)

P-15	DI1		DI2		DI3 / AI2		DI4 / AI1		Diagram
	0	**1**	**0**	**1**	**0**	**1**	**0**	**1**	
0	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF (Fieldbus Speed Reference, Modbus RTU / CAN / Master-Slave defined by P-12)						1
1	STOP	ENABLE	PI Speed Reference						5
3	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-20 REF	E-TRIP ↴	OK	Analog Input AI1		4
5	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	PR REF	P-20	P-21	Analog Input AI1		2
6	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	AI1 REF	E-TRIP ↴	OK	Analog Input AI1		4
7	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	KPD REF	E-TRIP ↴	OK	Analog Input AI1		4
14	STOP	ENABLE	No Function		E-TRIP ↴	OK	Analog Input AI1		4
15	STOP	ENABLE	PR REF	FB REF	Fire Mode		P-23	P-21	3
16	STOP	ENABLE	P-23 REF	FB REF	Fire Mode		Analog Input AI1		2
17	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-23 REF	Fire Mode		Analog Input AI1		2
NOTE	2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 = 0								
	When P-12 = 3 or 4, and P-15 = 5, 6, or 7, when DI 2 is on, DI1 will start and stop the drive.								
	When P-12 = 3 or 4 and P-31 = 2, 3, 6 or 7, The drive will start / stop based on DI1 only and communication loss is disabled								

7.6. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)

P-15	DI1		DI2		DI3 / AI2		DI4 / AI1		Diagram
	0	**1**	**0**	**1**	**0**	**1**	**0**	**1**	
0	STOP	RUN	PI REF	P-20 REF	AI2		AI1		5
1	STOP	RUN	PI REF	AI1 REF	AI2 (PI FB)		AI1		5
3, 7	STOP	RUN	PI REF	P-20	E-TRIP ↴	OK	AI1 (PI FB)		4
4	(NO)	START ⌐	(NC)	STOP ↴	AI2 (PI FB)		AI1		
5	(NO)	START ⌐	(NC)	STOP ↴	PI REF	P-20 REF	AI1 (PI FB)		11
6	(NO)	START ⌐	(NC)	STOP ↴	E-TRIP ↴	OK	AI1 (PI FB)		
14	STOP	RUN	No Function		E-TRIP ↴	OK	AI1 (PI FB)		1
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	PI REF	Fire Mode		AI1 (PI FB)		2
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire Mode		AI1 (PI FB)		2
17	STOP	RUN	P-21 REF	P-23 REF	Fire Mode		AI1 (PI FB)		2
NOTE	2, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 = 0								

7.7. Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation. The Fire Mode input may be a normally open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P-30 Index 2. In addition, the input may be momentary or maintained type, selected by P-30 Index 3.

This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within that building.

The fire mode function is enabled when P-15 = 15, 16 or 17, with Digital Input 3 assigned to activate fire mode.

Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive:-

O-t (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-t (Drive Under Temperature), Th-FLt (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-trip (External Trip), 4-20 F(4-20mA fault), Ph-Ib (Phase Imbalance), P-Loss (Input Phase Loss Trip), SC-trp (Communications Loss Trip), I_t-trp (Accumulated overload Trip)

The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart:-

O-Volt (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-Volt (Under Voltage on DC Bus), h O-I (Fast Over-current Trip), O-I (Instantaneous over current on drive output), Out-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip)

7.8. Example Connection Diagrams

Diagram 1

Diagram 2
P-16 =
0 – 10V
4 – 20mA

Diagram 3

Diagram 4
(NC)
Open
Trip

Diagram 5
P-47=   P-16=
0-10V   0-10V
4-20mA   4-20mA

Diagram 6
(NO)   P-16=
Close   0-10V
Fast   4-20mA
Stop

Diagram 7
(NC)
Open
Trip

Diagram 8
(NO)   (NC)
Close   Open
Fast   Trip
Stop

Diagram 9

Diagram 10
(NO)   (NC)
Close   Open
Fast   Trip
Stop

Diagram 11
(NO)   (NC)
Close   Open
Start   Stop

Diagram 12
(NO)   (NC)   (NO)
Close   Open   Close
Start   Stop   Fast
                  Stop

Diagram 13
(NC)
Open Trip

Diagram 14
(NC)
Open Trip

Diagram 15
(NO)   (NO)
Speed↑ Speed↓

Diagram 16

8. Modbus RTU Communications

8.1. Introduction

The VersiDrive i E3S can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RJ45 connector on the front of the drive.

8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

Protocol	Modbus RTU
Error check	CRC
Baud rate	9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default)
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity.
Physical signal	RS 485 (2-wire)
User interface	RJ45

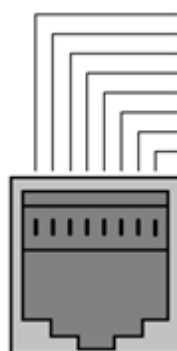## 8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your PETER electronic Sales Partner. Local contacts can be found by visiting our website www.peter-electronic.com

When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.5

1	CAN -
2	CAN +
3	0 Volts
4	-RS485 (PC)
5	+RS485 (PC)
6	+24 Volt
7	-RS485 (Modbus RTU)
8	+RS485 (Modbus RTU)

Warning:
This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.

8.4. Modbus Telegram Structure

The VersiDrive i E3S supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the 03 Read Holding Registers and 06 Write Single Holding Register commands. Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register 0, therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detail in section 8.5 by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address. The telegram structure is as follows:-

Command 03 – Read Holding Registers						
Master Telegram	Length		Slave Response	Length	
Slave Address	1	Byte	Slave Address	1	Byte
Function Code (03)	1	Byte	Starting Address	1	Byte
1st Register Address	2	Bytes	1st Register Value	2	Bytes
No. Of Registers	2	Bytes	2nd Register Value	2	Bytes
CRC Checksum	2	Bytes	Etc...		
			CRC Checksum	2	Bytes

Command 06 – Write Single Holding Register						
Master Telegram	Length		Slave Response	Length	
Slave Address	1	Byte	Slave Address	1	Byte
Function Code (06)	1	Byte	Function Code (06)	1	Byte
Register Address	2	Bytes	Register Address	2	Bytes
Value	2	Bytes	Register Value	2	Bytes
CRC Checksum	2	Bytes	CRC Checksum	2	Bytes

8.5. Modbus Register Map

Register Number	Par.	Type	Supported Commands	Function		Range	Explanation
				Low Byte	High Byte		
1	-	R/W	03,06	Drive Control Command		0..3	16 Bit Word. Bit 0 : Low = Stop, High = Run Enable Bit 1 : Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-04), High = Decel Ramp 2 (P-24) Bit 2 : Low = No Function, High = Fault Reset Bit 3 : Low – No Function, High = Coast Stop Request
2	-	R/W	03,06	Modbus Speed reference setpoint		0..1200	Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
4	-	R/W	03,06	Acceleration and Deceleration Time		0..60000	Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds
6	-	R	03	Error code	Drive status		Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 10.1 High Byte = Drive Status as follows :- 0 : Drive Stopped 1: Drive Running 2: Drive Tripped
7		R	03	Output Motor Frequency			Output frequency in Hz x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
8		R	03	Output Motor Current			Output Motor Current in Amps x10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps
11	-	R	03	Digital input status		0..15	Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1
20	P00-01	R	03	Analog Input 1 value		0..1000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%
21	P00-02	R	03	Analog Input 2 value		0..1000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%
22	P00-03	R	03	Speed Reference Value		0..1000	Displays the setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
23	P00-08	R	03	DC bus voltage		0..1000	DC Bus Voltage in Volts
24	P00-09	R	03	Drive temperature		0..100	Drive heatsink temperature in ºC

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-04 to P-60 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details, please contact your PETER electronic Sales Partner.

9. Technical Data

9.1. Environmental

Operational ambient temperature range	Open Drives	:	-10 … 50°C (frost and condensation free)
	Enclosed Drives	:	-10 … 40°C (frost and condensation free)
Storage ambient temperature range		:	-40 … 60°C
Maximum altitude		:	2000m. Derate above 1000m : 1% / 100m
Maximum humidity		:	95%, non-condensing

NOTE For UL compliance: the average ambient temperature over a 24 hour period for 200-240V, 2.2kW and 3HP, IP20 drives is 45°C.

9.2. Rating Tables

Frame Size	kW	HP	Input Current	Fuse / MCB (Type B)		Maximum Cable Size		Output Current	Recommended Brake Resistance
				Non UL	UL	mm	AWG	A	Ω
110 - 115 (+ / - 10%) V 1 Phase Input, 230V 3 Phase Output (Voltage Doubler)									
1	0.37	0.5	8.5	16	15	8	8	2.3	-
2	0.75	1	12.5	16	15	8	8	5.8	100
200 - 240 (+ / - 10%) V 1 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output									
1	0.37	0.5	6.0	10	10	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	9.3	16	15	8	8	4.3	-
2	1.1	1.5	14.0	20	20	8	8	7	100

Note Cable sizes shown are the maximum possible that may be connected to the drive. Cables should be selected according to local wiring codes or regulations at the point of installation

9.3. Additional Information for UL Compliance

Versidrive i is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E3447733 In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply Requirements				
Supply Voltage	110 – 115 RMS Volts for 115 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 115 Volt RMS Maximum			
	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum			
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation			
Short Circuit Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current
	115V	0.37 (0.5)	0.75 (1)	100kA rms (AC)
	230V	0.37 (0.5)	1.1 (1.5)	100kA rms (AC)
	All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the above specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage when protected by Class J fuses.			
Mechanical Installation Requirements				
All VersiDrive i E3S units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 9.1				
The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 9.1				
For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment				
For IP66 (Nema 4X) units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible				
Electrical Installation Requirements				
Incoming power supply connection must be according to sections 4.3 and 4.4				
Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 9.2 and the National Electrical Code or other applicable local codes.				
Motor Cable	75°C Copper must be used			
Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in sections 3.3 and 0				
Integral Solid Sate short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the national electrical code and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 9.2				
Transient surge suppression must be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4kV.				
UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections				
General Requirements				
VersiDrive i E3S provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US). - Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P-50 = 1 - Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.6.2				

10. Trouble Shooting

10.1. Fault Code Messages

Fault Code	No.	Description	Suggested Remedy
no-FLt	00	No Fault	Not required
0I -b	01	Brake channel over current	Check external brake resistor condition and connection wiring
0L-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor
0-I	03	Output Over Current	Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor.
I_t-trP	04	Motor Thermal Overload (I2t)	The drive has tripped after delivering >100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor.
PS-trP	05	Power stage trip	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable
0-uoLt	06	Over voltage on DC bus	Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-04 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34
U-uoLt	07	Under voltage on DC bus	The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is removed from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage and all components in the power feed line to the drive.
0-t	08	Heatsink over temperature	The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification. Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive. Increase the panel ventilation if required. Ensure sufficient cooling air can enter the drive, and that the bottom entry and top exit vents are not blocked or obstructed.
U-t	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than -10°C. Temperature must be raised over -10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters loaded	
E-tr iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened for some reason. If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
SC-ObS	12	Optibus comms loss	Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address.
FLt-dc	13	DC bus ripple too high	Check incoming supply phases are all present and balanced
P-LOSS	14	Input phase loss trip	Check incoming power supply phases are present and balanced.
h 0-I	15	Output Over Current	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable
th-FLt	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	
dAtA-F	17	Internal memory fault. (IO)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
4-20 F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	Check the analog input connection(s).
dAtA-E	19	Internal memory fault. (DSP)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC thermistor trip	Connected motor thermistor over temperature, check wiring connections and motor
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault (IP66 only)	Check / replace the cooling fan
0-hEAt	23	Drive internal temperature too high	Drive ambient temperature too high, check adequate cooling air is provided
SC-F0 I	50	Modbus comms loss fault	Check the incoming Modbus RTU connection cable. Check that at least one register is being polled cyclically within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3
SC-F02	51	CANopen comms loss trip	Check the incoming CAN connection cable. Check that cyclic communications take place within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3

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